VT8000 Room Controllers

VT8350 Installation Guide

Low Voltage (24VAC) Fan Coil Unit (FCU) and Zone Control Firmware Revision 2.5.1





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1. SAFETY INFORMATION

1.1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Read these instructions carefully and inspect the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this bulletin or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

A DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury. The safety alert symbol shall not be used with this signal word.

1.2 PLEASE NOTE

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Viconics Technologies for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction, installation, and operation of electrical equipment and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

1.3 BEFORE YOU BEGIN

LOSS OF CONTROL

A WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and over travel stop.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.¹
- Each implementation of equipment utilizing communication links must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE

NOTICE

STATIC SENSITIVE COMPONENTS

Circuit boards and option cards can be damaged by static electricity. Observe the electrostatic precautions below when handling controller circuit boards or testing components.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Observe the following precautions for handling static-sensitive components:

- Keep static-producing material such as plastic, upholstery, and carpeting out of the immediate work area.
- Store static-sensitive components in protective packaging when they are not installed in the drive.
- When handling a static-sensitive component, wear a conductive wrist strap connected to the component or drive through a minimum of 1 megohm resistance.
- Avoid touching exposed conductors and components leads with skin or clothing.

INSTALLATION

NOTICE

INSTALLATION

- The system must be installed correctly by a qualified technician.
- If replacing an existing Room Controller, label wires before removal of the Controller.
- Electronic controls are static sensitive devices. Discharge yourself correctly before manipulating and installing Room Controller.
- A short circuit or wrong wiring may permanently damage the Room Controller or equipment.
- All Room Controllers are designed for use as operating controls only and are not safety devices. Tampering with the devices or unintended application of the devices will result in a void of warranty.
- This device must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 8in (20cm) from all persons and must not be located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- Refer to the Room Controller User Interface Guide for information on how to configure the Room Controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

¹ For additional information about anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control or its equivalent

UNAUTHORIZED USB ACCESS

NOTICE

UNAUTHORIZED USB ACCESS

To prevent unauthorized access to the Room Controller via USB, it is recommended that:

- "USB access" is set to "Disabled" to prevent changing of firmware, standby image, configuration or LUA scripts via USB.
- "Main password" is set to a non-zero value to limit configuration menu access to authorized users only.

Failure to follow these instructions may lead to unauthorized users modifying the firmware or the configuration of the Room Controller.

LOCATION

NOTICE

LOCATION

- Do not install on an exterior wall.
- Do not install behind a door.
- Do not install in areas with a direct heat source.
- Do not install near any air discharge grill.
- Do not install in areas exposed to direct sunlight.
- Ensure the Room Controller has sufficient natural air circulation.
- · Ensure the wall surface is flat and clean.
- Ensure external thermal sensor wirings are away from noisy electrical sources.
- Install 1.3 to 1.5 meters (52 to 60 inches) above the floor.
- Perform preventive maintenance on the damper and Variable Air Volume (VAV) box, according to the supplier documentation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

CLEANING THE ROOM CONTROLLER

NOTICE

CLEANING THE ROOM CONTROLLER

- · Use a soft, pre-moistened lint-free cloth for cleaning
- · Avoid getting moisture in openings.
- Do not spray anything directly on the Room Controller or use compressed air.
- · Do not use caustic/corrosive products, ammonia, solvents or any cleaning product containing alcohol or grit.
- · Never use tools directly on the touchscreen.
- Never use paint on the Room Controller.
- Do not drop or crush the Room Controller, or allow it to come into contact with liquids.
- Do not use a damaged device (such as one with a cracked screen).

Failure to comply with these recommendations will result in damage to the unit and void the manufacturer's warranty.

2. INSTALLATION

- 1. Remove the security screw (if applicable) from the bottom of the Room Controller cover.
- 2. Open the unit by pulling on the bottom side of the Room Controller (Figure 1).
- 3. Read the FCC ID and IC label installed inside the cover before installing any wireless product.
- 4. Ensure the correct side of the base faces up.
- 5. Pull the cables 6in (15cm) out from the wall.
- 6. Align the base and mark the location of the two mounting holes on the wall.
- 7. Install the anchors in the wall (Figure 2).
- 8. Insert the cable in the central hole of the base.
- 9. Insert the screws in the mounting holes on each side of the base.
- 10. Strip each wire 1/4in (0.6cm) from the end.
- 11. Insert each wire and screw according to the wiring chart (see following pages).
- 12. Gently push excess wiring back into the hole.
- 13. Gently align the cover with the top of the base and snap it into place from the bottom (Figure 3).
- 14. Install the security screw (if applicable).



Figure-1 Open the cover



Figure-2 Install the base



Figure-3 Reinstall cover

3. TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION AND FUNCTION

3.1 TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION FOR 3-SPEED FAN SYSTEM

Fan Type - 3-Speed							
Control Type	On/Off	Floating	Analog				
1- BO1	Not used	Not used	Not used				
2- BO2	Fan-L	Fan-L	Fan-L				
3- BO3	Fan-M	Fan-M	Fan-M				
4- BO4	Fan-H	Fan-H	Fan-H				
5- RC / 24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot				
6- C / 24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com				
7- RH	Aux Heat	Aux Heat	Aux Heat				
8- BO8	Aux Heat	Aux Heat	Aux Heat				
9- UO9	Normally Close Cool Valve	Close Cool Valve	Not used				
10- UO10	Normally Close Heat Valve	Close Heat Valve	Not used				
11- UO11	Normally Open Cool Valve	Open Cool Valve	Analog Heat Valve				
12- UO12	Normally Open Heat Valve	Open Heat Valve	Analog Cool Valve				
13- RS485 +		RS485 +					
14- RS485 -	RS485 -						
15- RS485 Ref	RS485 Ref						
16- UI16	UI16 Function						
17- UI17	UI17 Function						
18- Scom	Common						
19- UI19	UI19 Function						
20- UI20	Remote Room Sensor						
21- Scom	Common						
22- UI22	Remote Supply Sensor						
23- UI23	Not used						
24- UI24	Not used						

3.2 TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION FOR ECM FAN SYSTEM

Fan Type - ECM						
Control Type	On/Off	Floating	Analog			
1- BO1	Normally Close Heat Valve	Close Heat valve	Not used			
2- BO2	Not used	Not used	Not used			
3- BO3	Not used	Not used	Not used			
4- BO4	ECM Fan Start	ECM Fan Start	ECM Fan Start			
5- RC / 24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot	24 V~ Hot			
6- C / 24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com	24 V~ Com			
7- RH	Aux Heat	Aux Heat	Aux Heat			
8- BO8	Aux Heat	Aux Heat	Aux Heat			
9- UO9	Normally Close Cool Valve	Close Cool Valve	Not used			
10- UO10	Analog ECM Fan	Analog ECM Fan	Analog ECM Fan			
11- UO11	Normally Open Cool Valve	Open Cool Valve	Analog Heat valve			
12- UO12	Normally Open Heat Valve	Open Heat Valve	Analog Cool Valve			
13- RS485 +		RS485 +				
14- RS485 -		RS485 -				
15- RS485 Ref		RS485 Ref				
16- UI16		UI16 Function				
17- UI17		UI17 Function				
18-Scom		Common				
19- UI19		UI19 Function				
20- UI20		Remote Room Sensor				
21-Scom	Common					
22- UI22	Remote Supply Sensor					
23- UI23	Not used					
24- UI24	Not used					

3.3 WIRING - SINGLE OR MULTISPEED MOTOR



Power & Fan

BO8 Auxiliary output wiring

Dry contact to end device 24 Vac maximum



24 Vac power to relay



Wiring ECM Motor

Power and Fan



3.4 MAIN OUTPUTS WIRING



3.5 REMOTE SENSOR ACCESSORIES

Model no.	Description
S3010W1031	Wall-mounted temperature sensor
S3020W1031	Wall-mounted temperature sensor with override button and occupancy status LED

The VT8350 Room Controller is compatible with remote mount temperature sensors using 10K type 2 NTC thermistors.

NOTE:

If one or multiple sensor(s) is/are connected to the RS terminal, the internal temperature sensor is automatically disabled. Disconnecting the sensor(s) in the RS terminal will re-activate the internal sensor.

Features:

Each sensor can be configured for various averaging combinations (refer to S3000 remote sensors for more details)

- Optional occupancy led
- Optional override key



Temperature vs. resistance chart for 10 Kohm NTC thermistor (R25°C = 10KΩ±3%, B25/85°C = 3975K±1.5%)

°C	°F	Kohm	°C	°F	Kohm	°C	°F	Kohm	°C	°F	Kohm	°C	°F	Kohrr
-40	-40	324.3197	-20	-4	94.5149	0	32	32.1910	20	68	12.4601	40	104	5.3467
-35	-31	234.4009	-15	5	71.2430	5	41	25.1119	25	77	10.0000	45	113	4.3881
-30	-22	171.3474	-10	14	54.1988	10	50	19.7390	30	86	8.0694	50	122	3.6202
-25	-13	126.6109	-5	23	41.5956	15	59	15.6286	35	95	6.5499	55	131	3.0016

4. HOME SCREEN DISPLAY





NOTE: User HMI is configurable and allows display functions such as Date, Time, Humidity, Outdoor Temperature, Setpoint, and others to be enabled or disabled by setting various parameters.

5. HOW TO ENTER SET-UP SCREEN



Touch and hold this point for 3 seconds to enter set-up mode

NOTE: If a configuration/installer password is activated to prevent unauthorized access to the configuration menu parameters, a password entry prompt shows to prevent access to the device configuration components. For more information on using and configuring the functions of the HMI, refer to the **VT8350 User Interface Guide**

6. SET-UP SCREEN DISPLAY



APPENDIX A. TERMINAL CORRESPONDENCE

The terminals of a VT8350 are identified differently and have a wider range of possible functions compared to those of any of the VT7000 Room Controllers. Nonetheless, there is a direct correspondence of functions between the terminals of the VT7000 and the VT8350. Consult the table below to verify the appropriate terminal when replacing a VT7000 Room Controller with a VT8350 Room Controller.

	VT7000	V	VT8350						
Terminal name	Terminal ID	Terminal name	Terminal ID						
Binary Input 1	BI1	Universal Input 16	UI16						
Binary Input 2	BI2	Universal Input 17	UI17						
Universal Input 3	UI3	Universal Input 19	UI19						
Sensor Common	Scom	Terminal 18 Common	COM						
Remote Sensor	RS	Universal Input 20	UI20 - RS						
Sensor Common	Scom	Terminal 21 Common	COM						
Mix/Supply Sensor	MS	Universal Input 22	UI22 - SS						

APPENDIX B. POWER OUTAGE CLOCK RESET

In the event of a power outage, VT8350 Room Controllers retain the correct time as long as the duration of the power outage is not prolonged. Depending on the duration of the power outage, the Room Controllers' internal clock may need to be updated or reset completely. The following table indicates the expected clock performance after a power outage of a given duration.

Outage duration	Room Controller behavior
0 - 24 hours	Clock functions are normal
24 - 36 hours	Clock accuracy not guaranteed, time may need to be adjusted
36 - 72 hours	Clock no longer increments and will need to be adjusted when power is restored.
72+ hours	Clock functions are fully reset, and will need to be reinitialized as per a new installation.

APPENDIX C. DEPLOYMENT

The placement of the Room Controller must be given consideration. It is recommended to install the Room Controller as close to a door as possible (without being blocked by the door), or in an area with high occupant movement.

Ideally, the Room Controller should be installed 5 feet (1.5 meters) above the floor surface to ensure maximum detection range is achieved. As well, Room Controller placement should ensure the occupant crosses the lens beam in a perpendicular path within the prescribed detection zone.

C.1 EXAMPLE OF RECOMMENDED DEPLOYMENT

The below shows Room Controllers installed in ideal locations for two rooms.

The examination room shows one Room Controller installed adjacent to the door. In this area of the room, occupant traffic is high and ensures the occupant will almost always cross the PIR detection path laterally and within the detection range.

The waiting room shows one Room Controller installed beside a door in the middle of the room. As shown in the diagram below, occupant traffic is high in several areas of the room including the entrance, waiting room, access to the door and activity around the reception desk.



Recommended Installation

C.2 EXAMPLE OF NON-RECOMMENDED DEPLOYMENT

The below shows four Room Controllers (two for each room) installed in non-ideal locations for the two rooms.

The examination room shows one Room Controller installed in a low traffic area near the door, and a second Room Controller installed on the wall directly opposite the door. For the Room Controller installed in the corner wall, the PIR could be blocked by the opened door, while occupant traffic could also be minimal in this area of the room. For the second Room Controller installed opposite the door, the PIR detection could fall outside the specified detection zone, while at the same time most occupant movement would not be lateral to the PIR, thereby not respecting optimal crossing patterns for PIR detection.

The waiting room shows one Room Controller installed in the corner of the room, and a second Room Controller installed beside the reception area. For the Room Controller installed in the corner, the opening/closing of the door creates a high probability that the PIR would get blocked, and therefore, occupancy going undetected. For the Room Controller installed beside the reception area, occupant traffic could fall outside the detection zone, and the receptionist would often be below the 5-foot recommended installation height for the Room Controller.



Non-Recommended Installation

C.3 ROOM CONTROLLER PIR SENSOR DETAILS

The internal Room Controller PIR sensor only detects lateral movement. It cannot detect movement when a person is moving toward it. It will not detect someone seating on a chair and/or lying on the bed.



C.4 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INSTALLATIONS

- 1. Install the Room Controller to cover more lateral movement.
- 2. Install a door sensor, the internal Room Controller occupancy logic works better with a door sensor. Once a motion is detected after a door is opened, the room stays in an occupied state until the door is opened again which puts the Room Controller in stand-by mode and if there is a motion then it goes back in occupied mode. It is also recommended to disable the unoccupied mode, set the "unoccupied time" to 0, so there are only 2 modes in the Room Controller: stand-by and occupied for a stand-alone solution. Please refer to the two(2) diagrams below for the Room Controller internal occupancy states transition.



More aggressive energy savings logic but may cause a bad guest experience (when a guest is sleeping or not moving)

8000 with door sensor, internal and/or external motion sensors



Good energy savings logic and better guest experience even when a guest is sleeping or not moving

- 3. Install additional motion sensors in the bathroom.
- 4. Install additional motion sensors for better motion detection in the entire room.

C.5 ENERGY SAVINGS

PIR can maximize your energy saving from 10-30% by adjusting temperature set points in unoccupied zones during scheduled periods.

PIR can maximize your energy saving from 10-30% by adjusting temperature set points in unoccupied zones during scheduled periods.



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APPENDIX D. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING STATEMENT FOR CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Lead, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm, and Bisphenol A (BPA), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u>.